

OFFICE COPY

Cromwell
Nursery

MCMII

GONZALES
PLUM



Gift of

J. Horace McFarland Co.

Harrisburg, Penna.

May 1957

The BUTLER & JEWELL CO.

PROPRIETORS

CROMWELL, CONN.

The Butler & Jewell Co.

INCORPORATED 1898

ESTABLISHED BY GEORGE S. BUTLER 1884

CROMWELL, CONNECTICUT

Five Farms ~ One Management

DIRECTORS

GEORGE S. BUTLER	President and Manager.
CHARLES A. JEWELL	Treas. Jewell Belting Co.
EDWARD S. COE	Pres. J. & E. Stevens Co.

REFERENCES

The Mercantile Agencies, City Bank of Hartford, Postmaster and Town Officers of Cromwell; and our Customers throughout the United States. They have steadily increased during the last seventeen years. There is hardly a town in Connecticut where our trees and plants are not growing. You can surely find a patron of ours among your friends.

Telephone: 1201-14—Hartford Division

CROMWELL is located on the Connecticut River and is geographically the very center of the State. Our Farms are two and one-half miles directly north of Cromwell Station, on the Valley Branch, Hartford Division of the N. Y., N. H. & H. R.R.

To Our Patrons

We shall continue our policy of pushing tested varieties of fruits and ornamental stock at fair prices, rather than trying to force untried novelties because the margin of profit is greater.

We grow the best stock possible: the only stock which is fit to buy and set. Buy your culls elsewhere; ours are in ashes.

We describe varieties as they behave with us in our fields and orchards. Our experience as commercial growers is always at your service. If we cannot answer your questions we will be frank enough to say, "We don't know."

Our Catalogue may not be as brilliant in the wit of its text, as gay in its coloring, as lengthy in its descriptions, or as large as those many competitors put forth, but we defy any one to find a dishonest statement, either within or on its covers.

We would be pleased to have our customers examine our stock before buying, when possible. THE STATE INSPECTOR'S CERTIFICATE of freedom from disease is attached to all shipments.

Fumigation.—We will fumigate any customer's trees if he desires, without additional charge.

We guarantee all goods true to label, and will hold ourselves responsible to the full price of goods should it prove otherwise. WE EMPLOY ONLY INTELLIGENT HELP, who can read and talk United States. If we did not we could not make the above guaranty.

A Premium on Early Orders.—It will be a great help to us to have our orders in early, and although our prices are so low that we cannot offer very great inducements, we have decided to allow OUR CUSTOMERS, WHOSE ORDERS (with remittance) ARE RECEIVED PRIOR TO MARCH 10 to select 5 PER CENT ADDITIONAL STOCK FREE.

No Substitution.—When we cannot supply the variety ordered, we will refund the money, unless requested to substitute some other variety.

At prices named, goods are carefully packed in moss and straw, well baled or boxed, and delivered to forwarders, after which our responsibility ceases, except for errors in filling, which must be reported within 5 days after receipt of goods, to admit of adjustment.

Orders amounting to \$10 will be delivered at any freight station in Connecticut without additional expense. Special figures on large orders. TERMS CASH.

How far do we ship? Just as far as we have orders to go. But the farther you live from us the earlier you should have your goods shipped, as after growth begins plants should not be out of the ground any longer than possible.

Plants are shipped same day they are dug. Any one who has had any experience in setting plants knows what an advantage this is.

Six plants at dozen rates, 50 at 100 rates, and 500 at 1,000 rates. Berry plants mailed free at dozen rates. All large orders by express or freight at purchaser's expense.

Note especially that the prices of Strawberry plants do not apply during July, August and September. The digging of plants at this season is much more expensive, and means the destruction of innumerable young plants. During the summer we positively cannot afford to dig into our beds for any such prices. Sumner price-list on application.

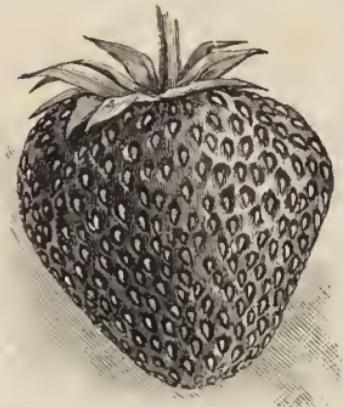
Money Order, Telegraph,
Express and Freight Offices,
Cromwell, Conn.

THE BUTLER & JEWELL CO.
Cromwell, Conn.

Strawberries

(P.) denotes pistillate varieties; (B.) bi-sexual or perfect-flowering

Arnaut. (B.) Similar to Parker Earle, of which it is said to be a seedling. Even more productive than its parent, and much healthier. 25 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.



AUGUST LUTHER.

August Luther. (B.) A very promising extra-early berry from Missouri. Probably the best of its class. Every grower for the early market should give it a trial. 25 cts. per doz., 60 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.

Big Ben. (B.) Said to be a fancy market berry. We have not fruited it. 25 cts. per doz., 60 cts. per 100, \$3.50 per 1,000.

Bismarck. (B.) A seedling of Bubach. Plant much stronger, healthier and more productive. Fruit about same size as its parent, but much firmer, more regular in form and uniform in size. We consider it our very best market variety and advise our customers to give it a trial, both for market and home use. Quality very good. Midseason. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Brandywine. (B.) A very promising variety, which has been quite generally tested and has given almost universal satisfaction. Plant vigorous, large, healthy, hardy and productive. Berries large, late, roundish conical, regular, uniform in size, handsome in color, and excellent in quality. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Bubach. (P.) This is a beautiful, large and productive early variety. No other variety as large is so early and productive. Too soft for long shipment, but is a fine variety for near markets. While a vigorous grower, and a remarkably robust and healthy plant, it makes but few runners. 25 cts. per doz., 60 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.



BISMARCK STRAWBERRY.

Clyde. (B.) Very vigorous grower and exceedingly strong plant. A prodigious bearer of good-sized, sweetish berries that will sell readily if not too light-colored and soft, a fault which we fear when the plant is grown in heavily matted rows on light soil. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Cobden Queen. (P.) Plant thrifty and healthy. We have not fruited it 25 cts. per doz., 60 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.

Edgar Queen. (P.) This is the largest berry, as well as the largest productive berry we ever grew. Try it. 25 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.

Excelsior. (B.) Plant healthy; berry dark color, fair size and early. Not fruited here. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Gandy. (B.) The old and popular late berry always commanding high prices when well grown. 25 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.

Gladstone. (B.) Strong, healthy, vigorous plant which produces large berries. Not fully tested. 35 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100.

Glen Mary. (B.) A fine, large, late berry of excellent quality, good color and shape, and quite productive. Last season this variety took top price over all competitors of its season. 25 cts.

per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Haverland. (P.) This variety is unsurpassed in productiveness. Fruit large, long, and attractive. Plant vigorous; berries light in color and poor in quality. 25c per doz., 50c per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Hayes. (B.) This is the best fertilizer for Haverland we have tried, being similar in size, shape and color; not as productive, but of better quality. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Kansas. (P.) 25c. per doz.

King Philip. (B.) 25 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100.

Maximus. (B.) 25 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100.



CLYDE STRAWBERRY.



GLEN MARY STRAWBERRIES

strawberries, continued

New York. (P.) 25 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100.

Nick Ohmer. (B.) A fine, thrifty plant, producing berries of fine size and appearance. If it proves productive it will be valuable. 25 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.

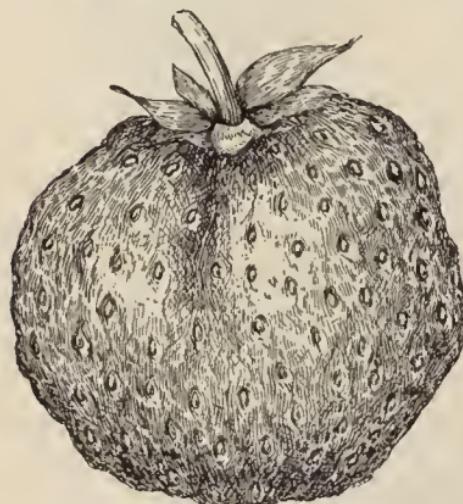
Pennell. (P.) 25 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100.

Pride of Cumberland. (B.) 25c. per doz., 75c. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.

Ridgeway. (B.) Plant vigorous, healthy and productive. Berry firm, of medium size, good quality, color and form. Its one fault seems to be the readiness with which the hull parts from the berry, always an objection in a market berry. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Rio. (B.) Our largest and most productive very early berry. Firm and of good color and quality. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Rough Rider. (B.) This berry has had a great many nice things said about it the past two seasons. It certainly is a great shipping berry and we hope it will sustain its reputation along other lines when it is tested away from home. It lays claim to size, handsome color, productiveness, ability to resist drought and disease. We shall give it a fair trial and hope our friends will do the same. 50c. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.



ROUGH RIDER STRAWBERRY.

market. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

Senator Dunlap. (B.) Another berry warranted to produce a revolution in horticulture. Possibly we have become accustomed to these revolutions and are as skeptical about them as those that occur in South America. The berry is of the Warfield type. 25 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.

Seaford. (B.) This berry will never become popular in our New England markets. Poor in color and quality, small to medium in size; quite productive. 25c. per doz., 50c. per 100, \$2 per 1,000.

Sharpless. (B.) This old standard variety maintains its high place in public estimation on account of its large size and splendid market qualities. On strong land it is often very profitable. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3.50 per 1,000.

Star. (B.) A promising berry from Ohio. Plant vigorous and healthy. Berry of good size, form, color and quality. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3.50 per 1,000.

Tennessee. (B.) A good berry of Haverland type. Vigorous plant, very productive. Size, quality and form very good. 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

World's Champion. (B.) One might expect this variety to die out in one season from sheer modesty, but it appears quite thrifty notwithstanding the burden it bears. 25 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.



PHOENIX RASPBERRY.

RED RASPBERRIES

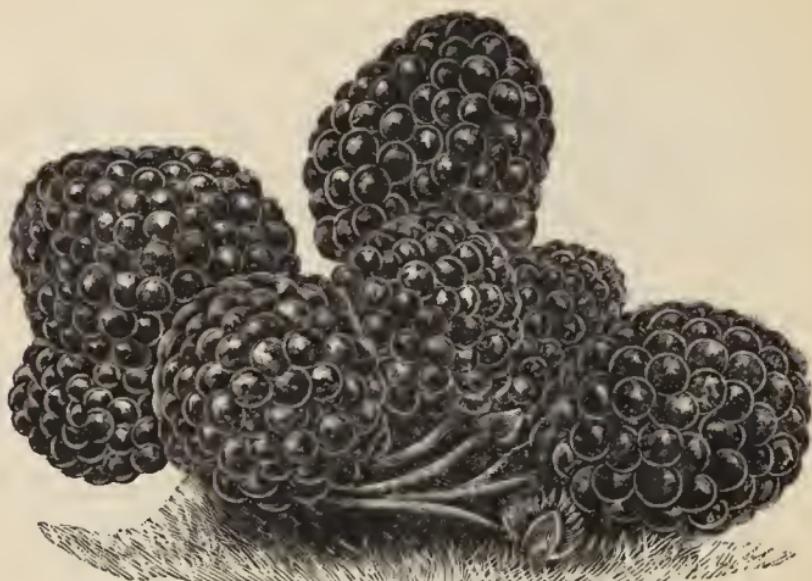
Cuthbert. Large, late. The favorite in market, the standard; productive. 50 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$8 per 1,000.

Golden Queen. A yellow Cuthbert. 50 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100.

Loudon. Did remarkably well with us when first introduced, but the past two seasons it has not equaled the old Cuthbert. 50 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.

Phoenix. This seems to be a very superior early red variety, surpassing all the old varieties in size, firmness and productiveness. As a money-maker it surpasses even Cuthbert and Loudon. 50 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$12 per 1,000.

Shaffer (Purple). Large, rich, productive. Best of its class. Excellent for home use or canning, but soft for a market berry. 50 cts. per doz., \$2 per 100.



CUMBERLAND RASPBERRIES.

BLACK RASPBERRIES

Cumberland. Last season we fruited this grand new blackcap quite largely. We find it all the introducers claim for it. The fruit sold readily last season at an average of 3 cents per quart above Kansas, Gregg and similar varieties. The berries are very large, jet black, of finest texture and quality; quite distinct from any other variety now in general cultivation. As soon as this variety is generally known it will be largely planted. In season it is about with Kansas, but blacker and finer seeded. 50 cts. per doz., \$2 per 100, \$15 per 1,000.

Conrath. A popular, productive and hardy variety from Michigan. Similar to Kansas in size and color, and a few days earlier. 50 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$8 per 1,000.

Eureka. Similar to Conrath and Kansas in size and color, but very distinct in flavor. 50c. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.

Gregg. Too well known to need description. Not perfectly hardy, but popular in market, and often quite profitable. 50 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.

Kansas. Large as Gregg, jet black, medium early, perfectly hardy, and of excellent quality. Plant a most vigorous grower and an abundant bearer. A very desirable, popular and profitable variety, both for the home garden and market. 50 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$8 per 1,000.

Mills. A promising variety from New York state; of Gregg type, but earlier and hardier. Large, sweet and productive. 50 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$8 per 1,000.

Nemaha. Practically identical with Gregg in fruit, but hardier in plant. 50 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.



KANSAS RASPBERRIES.

Blackberries

Agawam. A sweet Blackberry, about the size of Snyder. Early, hardy and productive. Does not turn red after being picked. 50 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$8 per 1,000.

Eldorado. In quality finest of all cultivated Blackberries, surpassing even the old Wachusett. Fruit is of good size, early, and the canes perfectly hardy. With us it has not been very productive, but we know of fields near by, on heavier soil, where it produces bountiful crops. 50 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$12 per 1,000.

Mersereau. Named by Professor Bailey, of Cornell University. He thus describes it in Cornell Bulletin, No. 99: "A variety resembling Snyder, from which it was derived. Several years ago the originator noticed an extra large, strong bush among his Snyders, and began to propagate from it. He is now changing his whole plantation to this variety. It is one of the most *promising varieties* I know." The points of superiority over Snyder are given as follows: "Extreme hardness, large size and greater productivity; has less tendency to turn red after being picked, selling for 2 to 3 cents more per quart, and is of delicious quality. Its fruiting season continues into September." Not fruited here yet. \$1 per doz., \$5 per 100.

Blackberries, continued

Minnewaski. A large late variety. Hardest of the Lawton type. Fruits until frost. 50 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.

Rathbun. This berry fruited with us the last season, giving us the largest fruit we had. Plant gives evidence of Dewberry blood, but seems perfectly hardy. We believe it will prove profitable as a market berry. 50 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100.

Snyder. Early, hardy and productive. The old reliable—always to be depended upon for a crop of medium-sized berries of good quality. Probably more money has been made on this variety, in this latitude, than on all others combined. 50 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$7 per 1,000.

LUCRETIA DEWBERRY

Properly grown and handled, this should prove profitable. Its large size, earliness and superior quality make it a very salable market fruit. It can be grown on poor land, and one crop will pay for the land several times over. 50 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$8 per 1,000.

CURRANTS

Two-year, No. 1 plants, 50 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100. One-year, No. 1, \$2 per 100.

Cherry. The popular large red Currant of the markets. Early.

Fay's Prolific. Similar to the above, and possibly superior in length of bunch and quantity of product.

White Grape. Good quality ; productive.

GOOSEBERRIES

Two years old. Strong plants.

Downing. Large green, good quality ; productive. \$1 per doz., \$5 per 100.

Red Jacket. A strong-growing American variety. Very prolific. Large fruit, excellent quality. This marks a decided forward step in Gooseberry culture. \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.

Columbus and Pearl. Same price as Red Jacket.

Grapes

Two years old. Extra strong vines.

From the seventy varieties of Grapes which we have been growing, we have selected the following as varieties to be depended on every season in our new England climate to furnish an abundance of fruit of desirable quality. If to be sent by mail, add five cents per vine for postage.

Brighton. The best red Grape in cultivation. Bunch and berry medium size. Superior quality. 10 cts.

Campbell's Early. A very large, promising, early black Grape, of good eating and keeping qualities. Worthy of trial. 25 cts.

Catawba. The old popular red Grape. Matures in sheltered locations in southern New England. 10 cts.

Concord. The old black favorite. Succeeds everywhere. 10c.

Delaware. A small red Grape of finest flavor. 10 cts.

Diamond (Moore's). Almost transparent; large, early, hardy, sweet and juicy. One of the best Grapes. 10 cts.

Green Mountain. Very early, sweet and prolific. Bunch and berry medium to small in size. Color greenish white. Should be in every family collection. 25 cts.

Isabella. Succeeds here in sheltered locations. Finest quality and very productive. 10c.

Niagara. Large, midseason; greenish white; popular; of fair quality and quite productive. 10 cts.

Pocklington. Similar to Niagara in size, but a trifle yellower in color, later in season, and more foxy in flavor. 10 cts.

Worden. Resembles Concord. Earlier and of better quality. 10c.



BRIGHTON GRAPE.

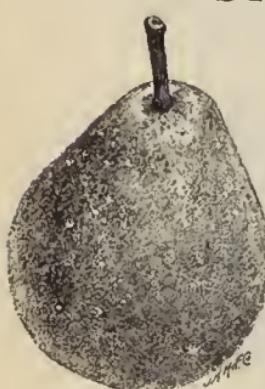
STANDARD PEARS

First-class trees, 5 to 7 feet, 25 cts. each,
\$2.50 per doz., except where noted.

Ripening in order named.

Doyenne d'Ete, Clapp's Favorite, Bartlett (35c.), **Seckle** (35c.), **Howell, Bosc, Sheldon, Vermont Beauty, Lawrence, Anjou, Kieffer, Easter Beurre.**

Worden-Seckel. A seedling of Seckel, originated by Sylvester Worden, of Worden grape fame. Mr. S. D. Willard, of Geneva, says: "I do not think there can be any mistake in calling this Pear the standard of excellence, so far as good eating Pears are concerned. When this is disseminated, the world will have a better Pear than it has ever known before." First-class, 50 cts.



WORDEN-SECKEL PEAR.

QUINCES

Champion and Orange. First-class trees, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 feet, of either variety. 25 cts.

APPLES

First-class trees, 5 to 7 feet, 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100.

Ripening in order named.

SUMMER—Yellow Transparent, Sweet Bough, Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Golden Sweet, Duchess of Oldenburg.

AUTUMN—Gravenstein, Porter, Maiden's Blush, Autumn Strawberry, Wealthy, Red Bietigheimer, Fall Pippin, Rolfe, Fameuse, Ramsdall's Sweet, Alexander, Coggeswell, Wolfe River.

WINTER—Bellflower, R. I. Greening, Tallman's Sweet, York Imperial, Spitzenberg, Northern Spy, Peck's Pleasant, King, McIntosh, Hubbardston, Baldwin, Jonathan, Gano, Grimes, Canada Red, Arkansas Black, Wagner, Sutton Beauty, Winesap, Stark, Fallawater, Ben Davis, Roxbury Russet.

CRAB APPLE, Hyslop. First-class. 25 cts.

CHERRIES

First-class trees, 5 to 7 feet, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Black Tartarian. Large, rich, sweet.

Coe's Transparent. White, sweet, large.

Early Richmond. Large, red, sour.

Governor Wood. Large, sweet, red and white.

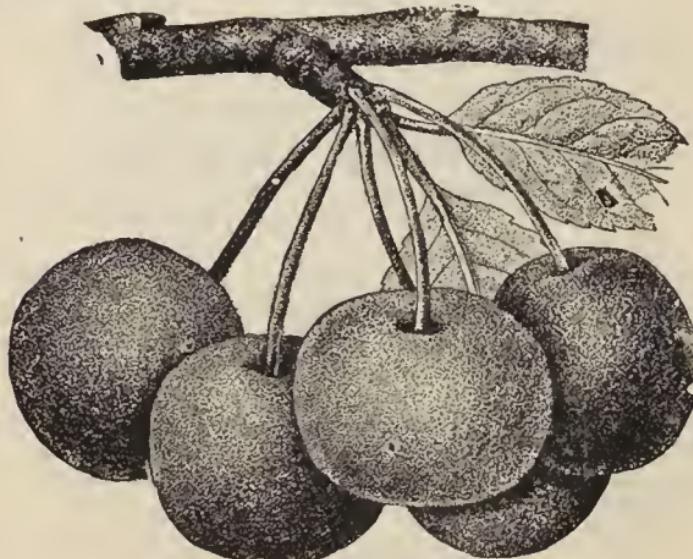
Large Montmorency. Large, red. The best sour Cherry.

Olivet. Large, red, sour. Earlier than either Richmond or Montmorency.

Schmidt's. Black, extra size and quality.

Yellow Spanish. Large, rich, excellent.

Windsor. Strong grower; large, rich, black fruit.



WINDSOR CHERRIES.

Peaches

First-class trees, 4 to 6 feet, 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100; second size trees, 3 to 4 feet, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6 per 100.

We recommend the first-sized trees as the most satisfactory to buy. The crop grown on one tree will often pay the extra price on one hundred.

A few of the hardiest varieties of good quality, most reliable for New England, ripening in the order named. All freestones except Sneed, Alexander and Hynes' Surprise.

Sneed. The earliest Peach to ripen in Connecticut—the only claim it has on propagators.

Alexander. As handsome as a picture. Occasionally softens below the skin before rotting. Caught at this time, it is good to eat. White, wholly overlaid with red, if not shaded.

Early Rivers. White, with pink cheek. The beginning of satisfactory eating in northern Peaches.

Triumph. Variable in size, homely in color, and as good to eat as it is homely to look at. Rots two weeks before it ripens.

Hynes' Surprise. When we have this Peach it is delicious, of good size, and handsome. White, nearly overlaid with red. Badly subject to rot.

Carman. As large as Mountain Rose and ten days earlier. Hardy, productive, of good quality, a good shipper. White, with rosy cheek. The best recent introduction among Peaches which we have fruited.

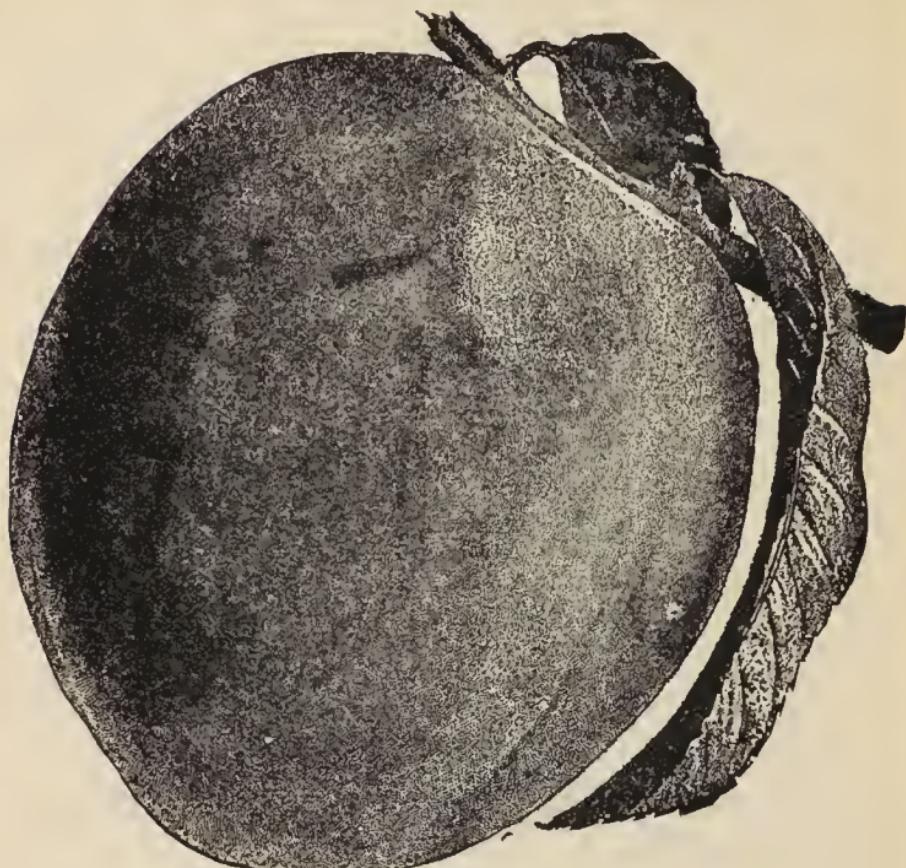
Waddell. Similar to Carman, but smaller with larger seed. May prove a better shipper, having less flesh to bruise.

Belle of Georgia. Handsome white Peach with red cheek.

Connecticut. As we have seen this Peach in the past it has impressed us very favorably, but as it fruited with us the past season it appeared like an enlarged and extra woolly edition of Crosby, and about two weeks earlier.



CARMAN PEACH.



ELBERTA PEACH.

Peaches, continued

Fitzgerald. Of Canadian origin. Said to be large in size, of magnificent quality, very early, a splendid shipper, exceedingly hardy and productive, and a perfect freestone. Four Peaches weighed two pounds. Not fruited here yet.

Early Crawford. Very large, yellow; good quality. A very popular Peach.

Reeves' Favorite. A very large yellow Peach of finest quality. Until the introduction of Elberta, has been our most profitable yellow variety, and surpassed it the past season.

Foster. An extra-large yellow variety, but has been inclined to rot with us, and very slightly inclined to cling.

Oldmixon. Large, white, with blush cheek. Extremely productive, popular and profitable.

Elberta. This extremely large, light yellow Peach has proved a money-maker wherever planted. Of fair quality, and as a keeper it has no equal, making it very popular with the marketmen. Very hardy and productive.

Susquehanna. The largest, handsomest, richest yellow Peach we ever grew. It is inclined to be a shy bearer, but in seasons like the last one it bears all it ought to, and does not require thinning. We propose to be foolish enough to plant several acres of it. Our trade is demanding something better than Elberta, and we believe this and Reeves are the Peaches to plant for good trade and good money.

Bequett Free. Large; greenish white, clouded with red. A good market Peach.

Wheatland. Large; yellow, blushed with red. A handsome and desirable Peach.

Chairs' Choice. Large, yellow; similar to late Crawford; thought by some to be hardier in bud.

Emma. Same origin as Elberta, and quite similar in appearance. A trifle later and of better quality.

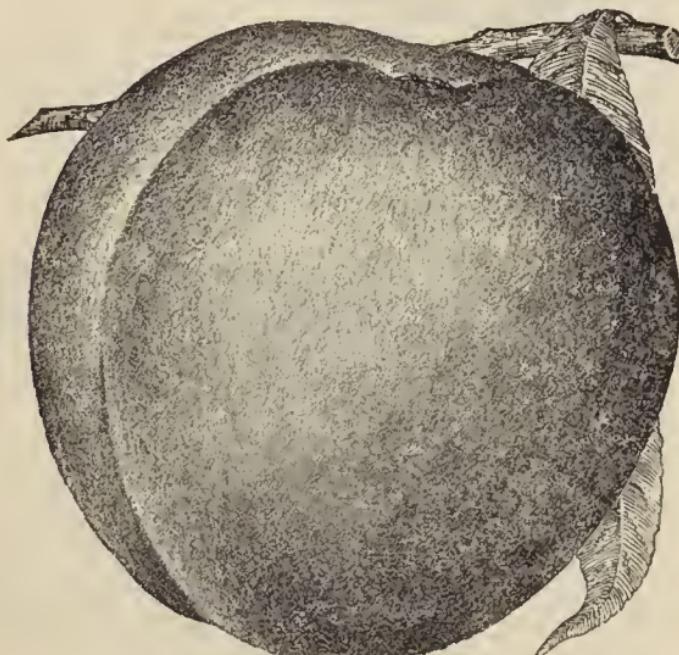
Late Crawford. Very large; skin greenish yellow, with dull red cheek; flesh yellow. One of the best and most popular.

Stump. Large, greenish white with red cheek; of high flavor, productive, popular and profitable.

Stephen's Rareripe. Large; white, shaded with red; flesh white, vinous and of high quality. Hardy.

Fox Seedling. A valuable late Peach; of good size and quality and an excellent shipper.

Iron Mountain. A competitor of the Fox for final honors in this section.



REEVES' FAVORITE PEACH.

Japanese Plums

Some of our Japan Plum trees are on Plum roots and others on peach. State your preference when ordering, and we will comply if possible.

Shall use more peach roots in future for our own planting.

First-class trees, 5 to 6 ft., 25 cts. each, \$2.50 for 12, \$18 per 100; second size, 4 to 5 ft., 20c. ea., \$2 for 12, \$15 per 100.

These Plums are deservedly attracting much attention at present, as their quality is much better than at first supposed, and the trees are not subject to black-knot. The fruit is more free from rot and suffers less from curculio than our common Plums.

We have shipped these Plums in ordinary crates as far east as Lewiston, Maine,

and as far west as Urbana, Ill. All report fruit as arriving in perfect condition. Our fruit has been shipped to every state in New England, and the markets are now ready for a liberal supply. Buy your trees from those who have growing orchards, and know what varieties they are sending out. The benefit of our practical experience is always at our customers' service. Ask questions and advice freely.

Abundance. A large, handsome Plum of superb quality. The past season it sold readily in our markets for double the price of California Plums, and easily had the preference when it became known. The fruit is a beautiful amber color, turning to a rich cherry, with a white bloom. Flesh light yellow, exceedingly tender and juicy, and very highly perfumed. Season, early August. Tree a handsome, upright grower.



ABUNDANCE PLUM.



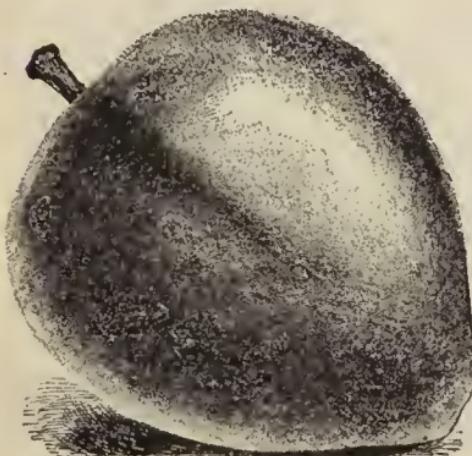
Burbank. A very productive, large, handsome and popular variety. Our trees of this variety, when loaded with ripe fruit, presented the handsomest fruit picture it was ever our privilege to look upon. *The Rural New-Yorker* of September 18, 1897, says: "The handsomest Plums we have ever seen were sent to us by Butler & Jewell, nurserymen, Cromwell, Conn.—Burbanks. They were all about the same size, and measured 6½ inches either way in circumference, being, therefore, nearly round." A trifle darker in color and firmer in flesh than Abundance.

Chabot. (Also sold under the names of Chase, Bailey, Yellow Japan, Botankio, Hattankio, O'Hattankio, Furugiya and Orient.)

Medium to large, handsome fruit, which sells readily at top prices. Comes at a convenient season for canning—September. It resembles our European Plums when canned. An extra good keeper. We cannot recommend this Plum too highly. We are setting trees of it by the thousand in our orchards, and we advise all who wish good Plums and good dollars to plant it liberally. Tree a handsome, upright grower. The flesh of the Plum is juicy, rich and delicious.



CHABOT PLUM.



RED JUNE PLUM.

Hale. An extremely vigorous tree, producing fair-sized, greenish yellow Plums of superior quality. Trees have not been productive with us; may do better further south or when they are older here. Mid-August.

Georgeson (White Kelsey, Normand, Mikado, Yeddo). Fruit medium to large, yellow, with whitish bloom; flesh firm, solid and of fine quality. A long keeper. Season about with Burbank. Tree a rather better grower than Burbank, but inclined to sprawl.

Japanese Plums, continued

Lutts. This Plum was sent out under the name of Wasse Botankio, but to avoid perpetuating confusion with numerous other Wasses and Botankios, it has been renamed. Fruit round-oblate, much like Burbank in form and appearance, but smaller. Flesh yellow, soft, clings. Closely follows Engre in season. Tree a good grower and productive.



SATSUMA PLUM.

with blunt point and deep suture; color dull brown-red, mottled with greenish dots; flesh hard and blood-red. Satsuma seldom becomes edible with us, but for canning or preserving it has no equal. We have yet to learn of a single party who has once had the fruit who did not demand it for succeeding seasons. Always brings the highest price in market.

Wickson. Fruit very large, long-heart-shaped, with deep suture; color deep maroon-red, sometimes lighter; pit small; flesh firm and meaty, yellow, rich and aromatic, with a slight lemon flavor; cling; tree a narrow, upright grower, like Simonii. So far it has been a shy bearer with us, but we look for greater productivity as the trees increase in age. September.



WICKSON PLUM.

Maru. About the same in size, season, shape and color as Lutts; better in quality, but possibly less productive.

Second size trees *only* of Lutts and Maru.

Red June (Red Nagate, Nagate No Botankio). Of medium size when well thinned; flesh yellow, cling, firm, juicy, slightly acid, of fair quality, but not rich. One of the best medium early varieties, being hardy, productive and attractive. Tree a slow, upright grower, of very distinct type. Late July.

Satsuma (Blood Plum, Yonemomo). Fruit large when properly thinned, round-oblong,

NEW JAPANESE AND HYBRID PLUMS

We have only 1-year trees, 4 to 6 feet, of these varieties to offer, at prices affixed to each. The descriptions in quotation marks are from originators or introducers who may be biased in their judgment. We give them to our customers for what they are worth, just as they come to us.

America. "This giant Plum" is over an inch long the longest way, is as handsome and delicious as Marianna, and takes a month to ripen its crop. We have 200 set in orchard, and shall not pull them out until we try them on the markets. 35 cts.

Apple. This Plum can be sold any time for Satsuma, and will undoubtedly always pass for that in market. We believe the tree is hardier than Satsuma, the fruit is as large as a medium-sized Satsuma, ripens a trifle earlier, rots much worse, and a person of strong imagination may persuade himself that he can discern a difference in flavor, in favor of the Apple. Tree grows like a Burbank. 35 cts.

Bartlett. "A hybrid of *Prunus Simonii* and 'Delaware,' itself one of Burbank's older cross-bred Plums. (Delaware is said to be a cross between those fine Plums, Satsuma and Kelsey.)

"Fruit oval, conical, medium size, light yellowish crimson, with a smooth, polished, glistening skin. All the branches grow up perfectly straight, forming a dense, upright, handsome head.

"Leaves large, and as glossy as if varnished. Produces fruit abundantly the second season. The size of a large Imperial Gage, and when fresh from the tree of most delicious flavor; very far exceeding the Bartlett pear at its very best in its rich, delicious, indescribable pineapple flavor and fragrance, being exactly like the Bartlett pear in flavor, but even more delicious. Very productive; too soft for distant shipping. Originated by Luther Burbank, of Santa Rosa."—*Report of B. M. Lelong, of the California State Board of Horticulture.* 75 cts.

Best of All. Introduced by Mr. Munson, of Texas, who produced it by crossing Miner and Abundance. He says: "It flowers very late and is a sure and prolific bearer. Fruit medium to large, round, rich, red, firm, meaty, of best quality." \$1.

Climax. "The (1899) best selection from a great number of Simonii-Botan hybrids. Fruit heart-shaped, as large as Wickson, more highly colored, and so fragrant that a whole house is perfumed by a single fruit; as delicious as could be desired, and, above all, ripens before any other good Plum. Tree extremely vigorous, of rather upright growth, with strong branches, prominent buds and very large leaves. The very picture of hearty



BARTLETT PLUM.

Japanese Plums, continued

vigor. As productive as Burbank, with Plums four times as large and two weeks earlier." This seems to be spread on pretty thick, but we have thinned it a trifle from the original. Mr. Burbank has strong commendation for Climax from Professor Waugh, Secretary Lelong, Professor Van Deman, S. F. Leib, Geo. H. Clayson and other prominent horticulturists. One-year trees only. 75 cts.



CHALCO PLUM.

quite a month. Chalco is the forerunner of a new hardy race of Plums, more of which are on the way." 50 cts.

Combination (Burbank's 1901). "An extremely handsome, large, early, light, crimson Plum of the very best quality. Flesh straw-color, extremely sweet, with a very pronounced pineapple flavor. If the best judges may be trusted, Combination has never been equaled in quality. The bark, leaves and fruit are unique. The trees resemble no other trees in cultivation. 2- to 3-feet trees, \$1.

Doris. The first trees we purchased of this variety proved to be Burbank, but later we seem to have struck the real thing. Tree grows strong as Hale, October Purple, Shire and similar combinations. Friends in Texas write: "I was 'plum' surprised twice last summer. When Mr. Burbank introduced Doris and Shire Plums he sold grafting wood at less price than other varieties. They both con-

Chalco. "A Simonii-Burbank cross. A tremendous grower of unsurpassed productiveness. Ripens before Burbank, is large, flat like a tomato, deep reddish purple; flesh very sweet, firm and fragrant. The fruits are as stemless as a peach, and completely surround the older branches, like kernels on a huge ear of corn. A superior shipping Plum, as it ripens well when picked green, and keeps nearly or



GONZALES PLUM.

tain Myrobalan blood, which makes the trees outgrow anything in nursery or orchard. Doris was loaded last year. In shape and size it is like a large Abundance, but of darker color. It is decidedly earlier, and every Plum is superlatively sweet. The skin is very thin, but strong as linen paper. If there are two Plums in the world entirely free from rot, they are Doris and Shire." With a recommendation such as this we feel entirely confident in offering Doris as a Plum that will give satisfaction in every particular.

Professor Price, of Texas, writes : "The Doris I consider one of the finest crosses of the Japanese and Chickasaw I have yet seen." 35 cts.

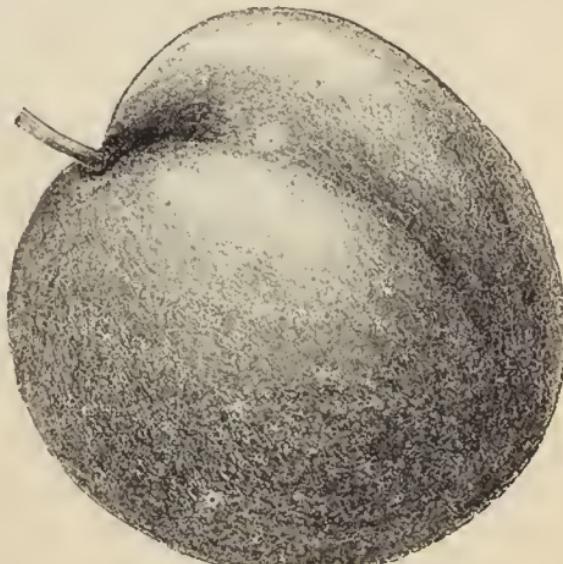
Excelsior. Origin, Florida. A Kelsey-Wild Goose hybrid. Medium size, round, pointed, dark red, cling; quality very good. Not fully tested at the north. 25 cts.

First. Mr. Burbank sold the first grafts from this variety in February of 1901 at \$5 per foot. We give extracts from his description : "A combination cross of Hawkeye, Hamner, Milton, Wyant, Wayland and Burbank. In introducing this Plum I confidently make the statement that it is the earliest of all Plums, and also that it is the largest, handsomest and most productive of all very early Plums. It blooms late and ripens in an incredibly short time after blooming. Never fails to produce all it can hold." 2- to 3-foot trees, \$1.

Gonzales. A Texas Plum of unknown parentage, apparently a combination of Japan and Chickasaw or Wild Goose. Season here, late August. Tree hardy and healthy, said to be wonderfully productive. Size large (about like Abundance), round, bright red, has small clingstone and agreeable flavor, and is, we should judge, a good keeper and shipper. Shall plant it largely in orchard as soon as we can propagate the trees.
Set 300 the past season. 50 cts.

Holland. A combination of Kelsey and Lone Star. Yellow, overlaid with red. 50 cts.

October Purple. This fruit is all right, and we have only two objections to its name; first, it does not ripen in October, and, second, it is not purple. The tree is a rampant grower and the fruit large and of excellent quality. We would advise every man who likes good Plums to



OCTOBER PURPLE PLUM.

Japanese Plums, continued

set at least one tree, and every orchardist to set a thousand. The fruit is nearly round, slightly flattened, with green skin overlaid with red splashes. 40 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$25 per 100.

Ragland. A cross between Kelsey and Yellow Transparent. Large, round, clear, yellow, cling. 35 cts.

Red May. Said to be a seedling of Abundance, pollinated by Wild Goose. Ripens three weeks before Abundance. Of fair size and quality; flesh yellowish white, skin red, thick, and tough. Will prove a profitable early market Plum if it proves hardy and fulfills promises made for it. 50 cts.

Red October. The latest thing yet, ripening in Texas in October. To keep up its reputation it ought to be in its prime here from Thanksgiving to Christmas. The flavor is said to be wonderfully enticing. The introducer thought enough of it to pay a very high price for control of the stock. Professor Price wrote the originator as follows :

COLLEGE STATION, TEXAS, October 17, 1900.

ROBT. WARD, Henrietta.—*Dear Sir:* Your favor of recent date, together with a nice basket of Plums, to hand. The Plum is beyond doubt a very valuable one. It ripens so late in the season that I do not know of a single other variety that would be its competitor. They all came in good shape, and I do not find a single one injured by the curculio. I believe you wrote me last fall that you were an old man and hardly felt like taking any great pains to propagate it. I hope, sir, you will do something to give the variety to Texas. Yours very truly,

R. H. PRICE, Prof. of Horticulture and Myc.

Whether it will ripen here we cannot say, but propose to find out. \$1.

Shiro. "This handsome Plum is a tri-specific hybrid—a combination of Robison, Myrobalan and Wickson, from seed of Wickson. In foliage, growth and general appearance the tree most resembles a Myrobalan, but is a much stronger grower than any of the three from which it came; wood very hard and wiry, ripening up early. The fruit, which is produced in the utmost profusion, is

medium to large, very uniform in size, clear light yellow, with an almost imperceptible thin white bloom. So transparent that the pit can be seen through the flesh, which is firm yet juicy—a rich, pleasant subacid clingstone. Ripens two weeks before Burbank, and is nearly or quite as productive; keeps a month or more. From its ancestry and general appearance it should prove of great value where it is too cold to raise most of the good Plums." 50 cts.



Sultan. "This huge, oval, deep purplish crimson fruit is generally thought by those who have tested it to be the very best, or one of the best, Plums produced.

"The flesh is remarkably firm and solid, fragrant, subacid or sweet, dark crimson, beautifully clouded and shaded with light pink, salmon and light yellow; showing in the fruit a curious combination of ancestral dynamics.

"Remarkable for the great proportion of flesh compared with the diminutive seed. The tree grows very rapidly, but is compact; has wood and leaves as much like the Napoleon cherry as like a Plum. Exceedingly productive, ripening a week before Burbank; falls like apples as soon as ripe; a great keeper."

Prof. Van Deman says, in *The Rural New Yorker*: "Sultan is my choice of all the new Plums

which I have tested. It is a cross between Wickson and Satsuma. It is large, being over 2 inches in diameter and nearly round in shape. The surface is smooth, dark wine-red or garnet, and very handsome. In flavor it is excellent, being tart enough, yet not sour, but a delicious subacid. No Plum that I have eaten is better. The tree is very fruitful. 75 cts.

EUROPEAN PLUMS

First-class trees, 5 to 7 feet, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

The good qualities of the Japanese varieties are fast crowding these old friends out. We offer a few of the best.

Bradshaw. Large, early, purple; good quality. August.

Coe's Golden Drop. Large, sweet. September.

German Prune. Of medium size, purple, juicy, rich, fine. Sept.

Imperial Gage. Finest quality. August.

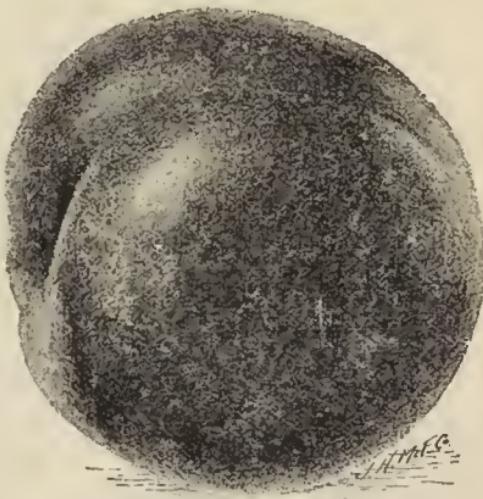
Lombard. Medium red; productive, popular. August.

Quackenboss. Large, purple. September.

Reine Claude. A fine late Plum; green. September.

Shropshire Damson. The best Damson; small; purple; popular for preserving. October.

Yellow Gage. Large, juicy, rich. August.



SULTAN PLUM.

GARDEN ROOTS

ASPARAGUS—Barr's, Columbian White, Conover's Colossal and Palmetto. One year, 25 cts. per doz., 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

RHUBARB—Linnaeus, \$1 per doz. **HORSE-RADISH**, 50c. per doz.

Ornamental Department

We include a select list of the best trees and shrubs for ornamental planting. The sorts are all reliable, and may be planted with confidence.

FLOWERING TREES

Bechtel's Double-Flowering Crab. A medium-sized tree of great beauty. When in bloom, presents the appearance of being covered with roses. Flowers fragrant and of immense size. 3 to 5 feet. 50 cts. each.

Horse-Chestnut, Single White, Double White and Double Red. 4 to 5 feet. \$1.

Double-Flowering Peach, Red, Pink and White. 4 to 5 feet. 50 cts.

Dogwood, Red and White. 5 to 6 feet. \$1.

Thorn, Double White and Scarlet. 4 to 5 feet. 50 cts.

Catalpa speciosa and Bungei. 6 to 8 feet. \$1.

Magnolia conspicua and speciosa. 3 to 4 feet. \$1.



DOUBLE-FLOWERING PEAC .

WEEPING TREES

Cut-Leaved Birch. 5 to 6 feet. 75 cts.
Young's Weeping Birch. 4 to 5 feet. \$1.

Wier's Cut-Leaved Maple. 5 to 6 feet. 75 cts.

Japan Cherry. 4 to 6 feet. \$1.50.

Kilmarnock Willow. 2-year heads, 50 cts.

European Ash. 2-year heads, \$1.

Camperdown Elm. 2-year heads, \$1.

Fulva pen ulia. 2-year heads, \$1.

Teas' M. berry. 2-year heads, \$1.25.

Cornus (Logwood). 2-year heads, \$1.

OTHER ORNAMENTAL TREES

Arborvitae, American. 1 foot, \$2; 2 feet, \$3; 3 feet, \$4; 4 feet, \$5; 5 feet, \$8 per doz.

Purple-Leaved Birch. 3 to 4 feet, \$1.

Purple-Leaved Plum. 4 to 6 feet. 35 cts.

p r , . . . to 3 feet. 50 cts.

Pine, Austrian and Scotch. 3 to 4 feet. 50 cts.

Spruce, Norway, 3 to 4 feet. 50 cts.

Spruce, Douglas and Colorado Blue. 2 to 3 feet. \$2.



DEUTZIA GRACILIS.

HARDY SHRUBS

A Select List of the Very Best

ALTHEAS. Double-Flowering Red, White, Purple and Blue. 3 to 4 feet. 25 cts.

ALMOND, Double-Flowering, Pink and White. 3 to 4 feet. 25 cts.

AZALEA mollis. Brilliant. 1½ feet. 75 cts. Ghent. Rose, red, white and yellow. 1½ feet. 75 cts.

CALYCANTHUS (Sweet-Scented Shrub). Pine-apple-scented, chocolate-colored flowers. 25 cts.

DEUTZIA gracilis. Dwarf white. 1½ to 2 feet. 25 cts.

FORSYTHIA, Golden Bell. 2 to 3 feet. 25 cts.

HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora. 2 feet. 25 cts. Tree form, 3 to 4 feet. 50 cts.

LILAC, White and Purple. 3 to 4 feet. 25 cts.

SNOWBALL, Common and Japanese. 2 to 3 feet. 35 cts.

FRINGE, Purple and White. 3 to 4 feet. 50 cts.

ELAEAGNUS longipes. Yellow flowers, red fruit. 1½ to 2 feet. 25 cts.

PLUM, Double-Flowering. 3 to 4 feet. 25 cts.

SPIREA, Anthony Waterer, Van Houtte and Prunifolia. 25 cts.

CLIMBING SHRUBS

AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Japan Ivy). 2-year, strong, 35 cts.

CLEMATIS—Jackmannii (purple), Henryi (white), Paniculata (white and delightfully fragrant), Graveolens (bright yellow), Madame Baron Veillard (light rose), Madame Edouard Andre (crimson), Ramona (lavender-blue). 35 cts. each.

HONEYSUCKLE—Hall's Japan, Monthly Fragrant and Chinese Twinning. 25 cts. each.

VIRGINIA CREEPER. An old and reliable climber; very hardy. 25 cts. each.

WISTARIA, Chinese Purple and Chinese White. 2-year, \$1.

HARDY ROSES

Strong 2-year field-grown plants, 25 cts. each, except where noted

A select list of the very best old and new varieties.

Alfred Colomb. Carmine-crimson.

Coquette des Blanches. White; sometimes blush.

Earl of Dufferin. Crimson-red, shaded with dark maroon.

General Jacqueminot. Crimson.

John Hopper. Rose and carmine.

La France. Silver red.

Madam Plantier. White.

Magna Charta. Pink and carmine.

Margaret Dickson. White; center pale flesh.

Marshall P. Wilder. Cherry carmine.

Mrs. John Laing. Satiny pink.

Panl Neyron. Deep rose.

Persian Yellow.

Pink Roamer. A Wichuraiana hybrid. Single-flowered.

Rosa rugosa, or Japanese Rose. Very large, showy, single flowers on particularly attractive bush. Red and White.

Vick's Caprice. Pink, striped white and carmine.

Wichuraiana. Trailing. Clusters of single white flowers.

MOSS ROSES

Blanche Rohert. White.

Crested Moss. Deep pink.

Gracilis. Deep pink.

Princess Adelaide. Pale rose. Crimson Globe.

CLIMBING ROSES

Baltimore Belle. Blush.

Empress of China. Dark red in bud, changing to pink.

Helene. A seedling of Climson Rambler, with larger flowers. Color soft violet-rose.

Little White Pet. Blooms continuously. 35 cts.

Queen of the Prairies. Red.

Ramblers, Yellow, White, Pink and Crimson. The finest of Climbing Roses.

Russell's Cottage. Crimson.

Seven Sisters. Blush.

Cumberland Belle, Only Climbing Moss Rose in existence. Unique and desirable. Pale rose. 50 cts.

Dorothy Perkins. Shell-pink, as strong a grower as Crimson Rambler. An acquisition. 50c.



CRIMSON RAMBLER.

LORD PENZANCE HYBRID SWEETBRIERS

These lovely hybrids are certainly a great acquisition. The foliage is deliciously scented like the parent Sweetbrier. The flowers are of the most beautiful tints, and produced in profusion. Hardy in most exposed situations.

Amy Robsart. Deep rose.

Anne of Geierstein. Dark crimson.

Brenda. Peach; very dainty.

Green Mantle. Bright pink, with band of white.

Lady Penzance. Soft copper; wonderful grower.

Lord Penzance. Fawn, with yellow center; sometimes toned with delicate pink.

Meg Merriliees. Crimson.



HERBACEOUS PEONIES.

HERBACEOUS PEONIES

Large tubers, 25 cts. each

These handsome plants are absolutely hardy everywhere, have no insect enemies, and increase in beauty from year to year. We are surprised that no more of these old garden favorites are grown. The finer and newer varieties should delight everyone, as the perfection of flower and variety of color have been carried to a high degree. They are well adapted for cutting, as they are rivals of the rose, and are in accord with the present taste and style in floral decorations.

Amabilis grandiflora. White; very large, fine and sweet.

Chinensis alba. Fine large pure white flowers.

Clarissa. Rosy pink.

Compte de Jussier. Outer petals pink, inner ones yellow.

Comte de Manteuil. Dark rose; very large and double.

Dortens coros. Bright pink.

Festiva maxima. Creamy white, with small center of carmine; early; blooms in clusters.

Grandiflora rosea. Light rose.

Humeü. Rose; full, large; late.

Noblissima. Lilac-pink, shaded darker.

Officinalis rubra. Red; early.

Rosea plenissima superba. Bright rosy pink; large and double.

Triomphe du Nord. Violet-rose, with lilac shading.

Whitleyi. White; large.

Lais. White and sulphur.

Louis Van Houtte. Pinkish red.

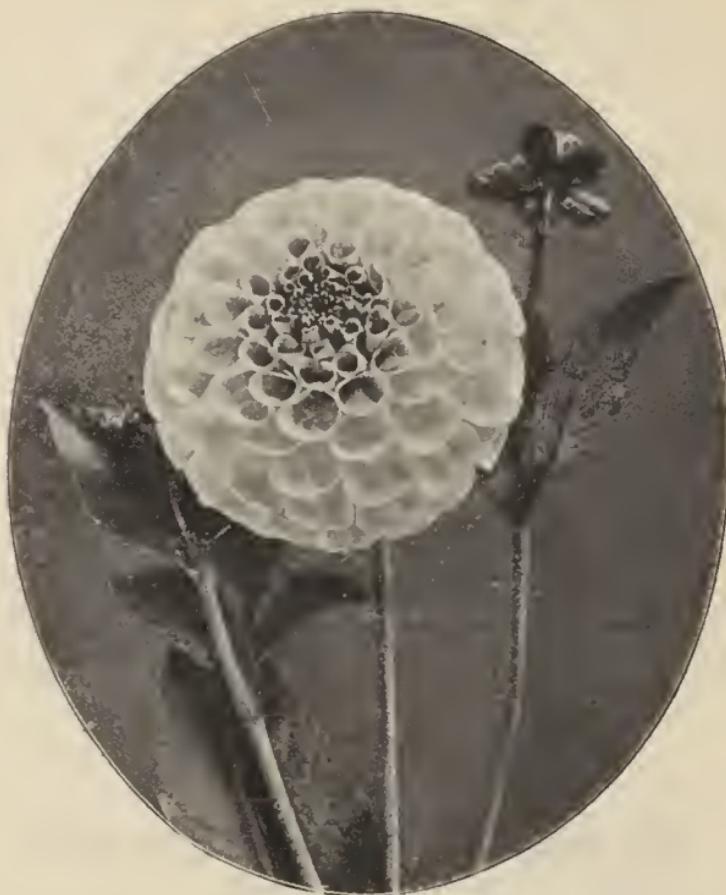
Marie. White, shaded chamois.

Phrynee. Pinkish white, center yellow.

Rubra triumphant. Crimson.

Speciosa striata. Bright carmine.

Taglioni. Pale pink.



NEW DAHLIA, PENELOPE.

DAHLIAS

Strong roots, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., except where noted

We have nearly four hundred distinct named varieties of Dahlias, including the newest and handsomest varieties in cultivation. We have perhaps the best assortment in Connecticut, if not in New England. We list a few of the best and most popular varieties and will quote prices on others on application.

FANCY AND SHOW DAHLIAS

A. D. Livoni. Soft pink.

Apple Blossom. Derives its name from its color.

Arabella. Primrose, shaded lavender. 10 cts.

Burgundy. Purple-marrow, flamed crimson; very large.

Capt. Jack. Dark rich red

Dandy. Dark pink, speckled and striped; sometimes solid color.

Density. Deep pink; rightly named.

Duke of Bulgaria. Bright scarlet. 10 cts.

Edith Connor. Rosy pink and red. 10 cts.

Elegans. Purplish red-tipped and banded white.

Fern-Leaved Beauty. Striped crimson and white.

Fire King. Crimson. 10 cts.

Foliis variegatis. A variegated foliage plant with handsome flowers. Foliage green margined with white; bloom a blending of white, amber and magenta. 25 cts.

Frank Smith. Variegated. 25 cts.

King of Dwarfs. Purple-maroon.

Miss Florence Shearer. Soft lilac.

Model of Perfection. Fine rosy lavender; free bloomer with long stems. 25 cts.

Mrs. Hodgeson. Primrose, edged purple.

Penelope. White, shaded lavender.

Peri. Creamy white, slightly shaded lavender. 10 cts.

Picta fulgens. Varies from red, tipped white, to white tipped red.

Psyche. Pale primrose. An ideal bedder.

Purity. White 10 cts.

Queen Victoria. Yellow. 10 cts.

Ruby Queen. Ruby-red, richly shaded; profuse flowering.

S. Sickman. Dark maroon, tipped white.

Sunbeam. Yellow, edged scarlet.

CACTUS AND DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

Admiral Dewey. Imperial purple.

Aguinaldo. Bronze-salmon color, differing slightly from the original.

Black Beauty. Similar to, if not identical with, Black Prince. 10 cts.

Black Prince. Best of its type; maroon, almost black. 10 cts.

Bronze Cactus. Rich flower; well named.

Clifford W. Bruton. Yellow 25 cts.

Crimson Giant. Crimson, shaded maroon. Immense flowers.

Dr. Whitesides. Large and fine; white, slightly tinted.

Fire-Flame. Orange-buff, flamed scarlet.

Gloriosa. Deep bright red.

Grand Duke Alexis. Pure white, tinted pink. A grand and unique variety. 25c.

Iridescent. Odd and indescribable. 25 cts.

King of Cactus. Magenta, overlaid rosy crimson.

La Favorite. The finest pure white Cactus Dahlia to date.

Maid of Kent. Scarlet. 25 cts.

Marchioness of Bute. Pink. 10 cts.

Miss Thatcher. Light yellow.



CACTUS DAHLIAS.

- Formosissima picta.** Deep scarlet.
Nymphaea. Pink.
Mrs. George Reed. Pure white, edged and flaked soft rosy lake; petals deeply cleft.
Orange-Scarlet. Very brilliant.
Oriental. Salmon color. Large.
Pearl. White. 10 cts.
- Red and Black.**
Sir Trevor Lawrence. Brilliant glowing crimson.
Wm. Agnew. The grandest red Dahlia.
Wm. Pierce. Yellow.
Yellow A. W. Tait. Chrysanthemum form.
Zulu. Darkest maroon. 10 cts.

POMPON DAHLIAS

- Allie Mourey.** Pink, tipped crimson.
Catherine. Best pure yellow.
Carol. White, tinged pink. 25c.
Daybreak. Flesh-colored. One of the finest.
Eleganta. Considered the finest pink Pompon.
Fairy Queen. Light sulphur yellow, edged deep peach. A profuse bloomer with long stems.
Guiding Star. Dwarf white; profuse bloomer. 10 cts.
H. C. Winter. Pale yellow, tipped fawn.
- Hubert.** Pink, red and maroon.
Klein Domatia. Buff-salmon.
La Petite Barbara. White.
Mattie Mourey. Lavender.
Prince Charming. Purplish pink.
Princess Liberty. Buff and amber.
Snowclad. A favorite white.
Spring. Rich buff-yellow, shaded and tipped bright pink. Very handsome.
Teddy. White and pink.
Tom. Pale lemon.
Vivid. Deep scarlet. Exceedingly effective.



SINGLE DAHLIAS.

SINGLE DAHLIAS

- Corinne.** Striped yellow and scarlet, sometimes clear scarlet. An elegant variety.
Irene. White, suffused bright pink, spotted and striped deep crimson.
Little Dorothy. Ground rich golden straw-color, overlaid and suffused delicate pink, and spotted, penciled and striped deep, rich crimson. Profuse bloomer, very attractive and free in bloom.
Novelty. Pink, spotted, penciled, and striped with dark crimson.
Paragon. Maroon.
Snow Queen. Best pure white. Exquisite.
Titan. Large; bright orange-scarlet.

GLADIOLUS

Our fields of these beautiful flowers attracted much attention and were the admiration of visitors for weeks last summer. People came from miles away to see such a vast number of spikes in bloom at once.

We have a very fine mixture of the finest varieties, light and bright colors predominating. 35 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$12 per 1,000.

MIXED JAPAN IRIS

Much handsomer than the German. Very fine mixture. \$1.50 per doz.

RUDBECKIA

(Golden Glow)

A beautiful, tall-growing hardy perennial, that forms a great bush of glowing golden yellow flowers. 15 cts. each, 2 for 25 cts., 6 for 50 cts.

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY

50 cts. per dozen pips



GLADIOLUS.

DOUBLE TIGER LILY

A fine thing for the hardy border. It is very permanent and gives many flowers. 25 cts.

SEED POTATOES

Our Seed Potatoes are grown and wintered in Northern Aroostook County, Maine. Plant no other. The man who plants Connecticut-grown seed this season is sure to lose money on the transaction. Our Seed Potatoes are carefully grown by experienced farmers.

Carman No. 1, Carman No. 3, Early Norther, Early Rose, New Queen Beauty of Hebron, Green Mountain and Rural New Yorker—all well known and standard varieties. 50 cts. per peck, \$1.25 per bushel, \$3.50 per barrel.

Ensign Bagley. A brand-new extra-early white sort, introduced two years ago by S. D. Woodruff & Sons, and proving popular and profitable. 75 cts. per peck, \$1.50 per bushel, \$4 per barrel.

SEED CORN

We raise the White Cap Yellow Dent Field Corn. Had an excellent crop the past season, and can supply seed of same. 50 cts. per peck, \$1.25 per bushel.

POULTRY DEPARTMENT

Eggs for hatching from selected birds of the most profitable and popular business breeds.



Barred Plymouth Rocks (America's Business Hen)—\$1 for 13.

Rouen Ducks—With us much more hardy, satisfactory and profitable than Pekins. \$1 for 11.

Mammoth Bronze Turkeys—Fine large birds mated with heavy gobbler. \$2 for 9.

Toulouse Geese—25 cts. each.

Our fowls are in small flocks, properly mated, and have farm range.

PRUNING TOOLS

SHEARS

Full Polished French Wheel Spring (imported). The best Shears money can buy. 7-inch, \$1.25; 8-inch, \$1.50; 9-inch, \$1.75; 10-inch, \$2 per pair.

Smith's No. 5 (Spiral spring), Taylor Pattern (Graduated spring), Henry Pattern (either spring). All 8-inch japanned Shears. 50 cts. per pair.

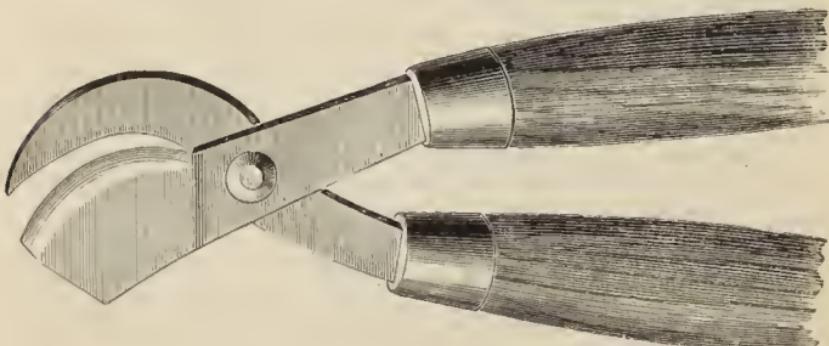
Smith's No. 2 (Spiral Brass Spring), 25 cts. per pair.

PRUNERS AND PRUNING KNIVES

Levin Pruners. 50 cts. per pair.

Rockdale Pruners. Will cut an inch limb with ease. 26-inch, 75 cts.; 41-inch, \$1 per pair.

Standard Tree Pruner. 4-foot handle, \$1; 6-foot handle, \$1.15; 8-foot handle, \$1.25; 10-foot handle, \$1.40 each.



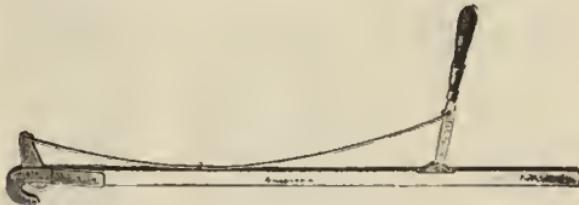
THE ROCKDALE PRUNER.

Pruning Knives. 4½-inch stag handle, \$1; 4-inch imitation stag or ebony handle, 75 cts.; 3½-inch wood handle, 60 cts. each.

NOTE.—These Pruning Knives have wide, thin blades and are made for keen cutting, not prying. If you do not know how to use a knife and want a pocket ax, say so when writing, and we will have a blade made to fit your case.

Cocoa-Handle Budding Knife, 35 cts. **Ehony Handle, Bone Tip, Budding Knife,** 75 cts. **English Budding Knife,** \$2 each.

Grafting Knives. 35 cts. each.



STANDARD TREE PRUNER.

SPRAY PUMPS

We handle the entire line of pumps made by The Goulds Mfg. Co. and will forward special catalogue describing these goods on application. Anything from a bucket pump to a power sprayer. Can also supply the Eclipse at regular prices.

THE "OUT-O'SIGHT" MOLE TRAP

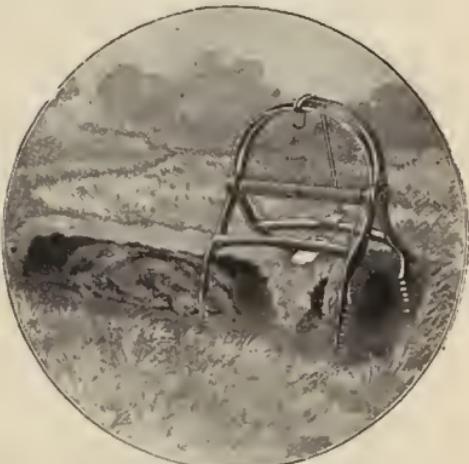
The best Mole Trap ever offered, to which thousands will testify. It has only to be tried to be appreciated.

We know this trap is a terror to Moles. We secured one last season and have had it hanging in the packing-house ever since. Seems to cure as promptly as the sight of the dentist does a small boy with toothache.

Price \$1; postage 25 cts. Sent for \$1 if ordered with other goods.

FERTILIZERS

We can at all times furnish fertilizing materials in large or small quantities at market rates. Nitrate of Soda, Blood, Tsnkage, Bone, Acid Phosphate, Muriste of Potash, High-Grsde and Double Sulphate of Potash. As market is constantly changing, write for prices on anything you need. We also supply The Rogers and Huhhsrd Co.'s Complete Manures for all crops—the highest grade mixed fertilizers on the market.

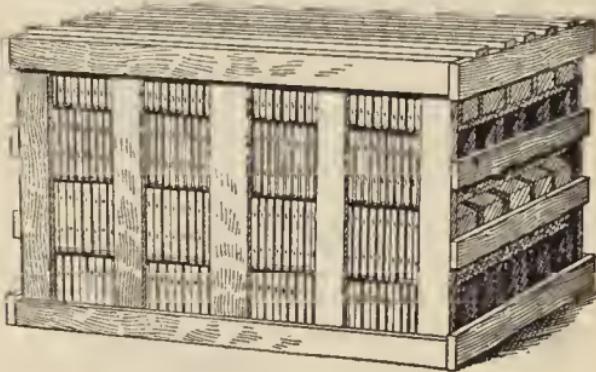


THE "OUT-O'SIGHT" MOLE TRAP.

STANDARD QUART BASKETS

Our quart Berry Baskets are made on the Cobden Stapling Machine, from selected poplar, and are bound with white birch, making the whitest, neatest and strongest basket on the market; the white birch binder is extremely tough. Baskets are seasoned before crated.

Price, \$3 per 1,000, \$27.50 per 10,000. Special price on car-loads and large orders sent in early.



1,000 QUART BASKETS IN A PACKAGE.

PEACH BASKETS

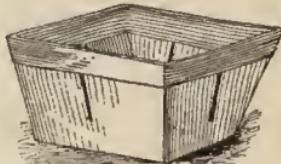
We offer the standard Peach Basket of New Jersey and Connecticut, known as the "16 quart," and holding 14 to 15 quarts.

Price, \$4 per 100, \$36 per 1,000. Special prices on car lots.

Pony Peach Basket. Holds about 6 quarts; same style as Standard and same price. Also 8-, 10- and 12 quart.



BOARD-BOTTOM PEACH BASKET.



STANDARD QUART BASKET.



oval PINT.

OVAL PINTS

This is a very popular basket for shipping raspberries. The standard 32-quart crate can be used, sixty baskets filling a crate. This saves the buyer from an outlay for pint crates. Price, per 1,000, \$3.50.

THE BUTLER & JEWELL CO.
CROMWELL, CONN.

No. 65

December 20, 1901

The Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station

Office of State Entomologist, New Haven, Conn.

Certificate of Inspection

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the stock at the nursery and premises of The Butler & Jewell Co., of Cromwell, Conn., has been carefully examined in compliance with the provisions of Chapter 122 of the Acts of the General Assembly at the January Session of 1901, and that no indication has been found of the presence of the San José Scale or other serious pests.

This certificate is invalid after October 1, 1902.

W. E. BRITTON,

State Entomologist.



Little Dorothy Dahlia.

N. B.—IF YOU WISH TO TELEPHONE US
DO NOT FORGET WE ARE ON THE HARTFORD DIVISION
DON'T CALL FOR

The Buller & Jewell Co.
CROMWELL, CONN.